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# Key points

- Declarative configuration? Doesn't it Keycloak support already?!
- Why all the fuss around it?
- Current limitations.
- How can it be improved?
- A good declarative API? How it could look like in Keycloak?
- What is the Keycloak team brewing around this?
- What about Operator CRs?



## Doesn't it Keycloak support already?!





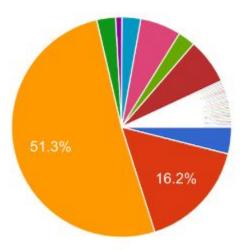
# Declarative configuration: why is it important?

- Configuration as code.
- I want to tell Keycloak my desired configuration state.
  - Not steps how to do it.
- I want to be able to update my desired configuration.
  - Let Keycloak figure out the rest.
- I want my configuration to be portable.
  - I take my config and use it in another Keycloak instance (dev/stage env, ...).
- I want to leverage 3rd party tools to help me manage my configuration.
  - Version control, Kubernetes Custom Resources, templating, ...



# Realm Configuration Management Tools Survey

What's your preferred way to manage Keycloak Realm Configurations? 433 responses



- Keycloak Admin CLI kcadm.sh https://...
- Keycloak-Config-CLI https://github.co...
- Terraform Provider for Keycloak https:...
- Keycloak Ansible https://github.com/a...
- Keycloak Pulumi https://www.pulumi.c...
- Crossplane Provider for Keycloak http...
- Keycloak JSON Import / Export https:/...
- Keycloak Operator Realm Import via...





## What's the issue with that?

- Admin interface REST API only.
- No real issue with that per se. But...



## A simple Client with a Client Role

```
~/kc/bin (0.926s)
./kcadm.sh create clients -s clientId=my-client
Created new client with id 'b46170d9-3a1d-4e2a-8f04-0dfd2a569284'

~/kc/bin (0.741s)
./kcadm.sh create clients/b46170d9-3a1d-4e2a-8f04-0dfd2a569284/roles -s name=my-client-role
Created new role with id 'my-client-role'
```

2 requests are needed!?





```
~/kc/bin (0.833s)
./kcadm.sh get clients/b46170d9-3a1d-4e2a-8f04-0dfd2a569284
  "id": "b46170d9-3a1d-4e2a-8f04-0dfd2a569284",
  "clientId" : "my-client",
  "surrogateAuthRequired" : false,
  "enabled" : true,
  "alwaysDisplayInConsole" : false,
  "clientAuthenticatorType" : "client-secret",
  "secret": "MC7tV07sWuhR5fi5UzXhwBNSMRvisAvF",
  "redirectUris" : [ ],
  "webOrigins" : [ ],
  "notBefore" : 0,
  "bearerOnly" : false,
  "consentRequired" : false,
  "standardFlowEnabled" : true,
  "implicitFlowEnabled" : false,
  "directAccessGrantsEnabled" : false,
  "serviceAccountsEnabled" : false,
  "publicClient" : false,
  "frontchannelLogout" : false,
  "protocol" : "openid-connect",
  "attributes" : {
    "realm client" : "false",
    "client.secret.creation.time" : "1726246769"
  "authenticationFlowBindingOverrides" : { },
  "fullScopeAllowed" : true,
  "nodeReRegistrationTimeout" : -1,
  "defaultClientScopes" : [ "web-origins", "acr", "profile", "roles", "ba
  "optionalClientScopes" : [ "address", "phone", "offline_access", "micro
  "access" : {
    "view" : true,
    "configure" : true,
    "manage" : true
```





# Client Protocol Mapper

POST/admin/realms/{realm}/clients/{client-uuid}/protocol-mappers/models

Create a mapper

Parameters

Path Parameters

| Name                    | Description                   | Default | Pattern |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---------|---------|
| realm<br>required       | realm name (not id!)          | null    |         |
| client-uuid<br>required | id of client (not client-id!) | null    |         |

#### **Body Parameter**

| Name   | Description                         | Default | Pattern |
|--|-------------------------------------|---------|---------|
| <b>ProtocolMapperRepresentation</b> optional | <u>ProtocolMapperRepresentation</u> |         |         |

#### Responses

| Code | Message | Datatype |
|------|---------|----------|
| 200  | ОК      | <<>>     |

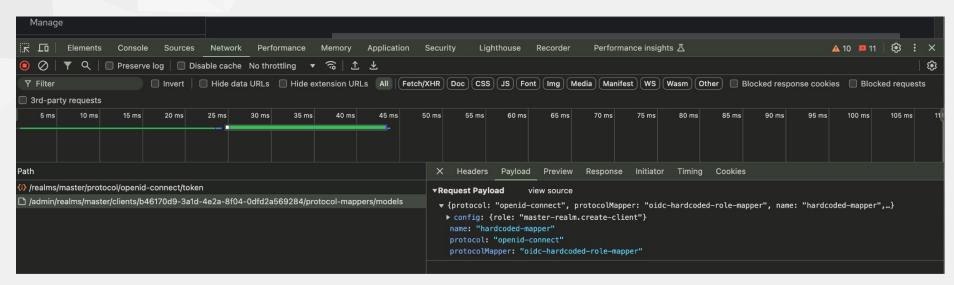


# Client Protocol Mapper

## ProtocolMapperRepresentation

| Name                           | Туре            | Format |  |  |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|--------|--|--|
| id<br>optional                 | String          |        |  |  |
| name<br>optional               | String          |        |  |  |
| <b>protocol</b> optional       | String          |        |  |  |
| <b>protocolMapper</b> optional | String          |        |  |  |
| consentRequired optional       | Boolean         |        |  |  |
| consentText optional           | String          |        |  |  |
| <b>config</b> optional         | Map of [string] |        |  |  |









# Using Admin REST API for declarative configuration

- Requires multiple requests to configure a single logical entity.
  - Requests need to be in correct order and reflect results of previous requests like IDs.
  - The API client needs to understand the API semantics.
- Poorly documented → weak contract → extremely fragile for external clients.
- Inconsistent.
- No clear distinction between user provided values and default values.
- Not really user friendly structure → hard to maintain.
- Missing validations.
- Resource ownership problem.



But how can we improve that?





Anything beyond this point is a sneak peek of WIP and subject to change



## Declarative API in Keycloak

- Backed by a relational DB.
  - File based Map Store was initially also considered.
- Idempotent.
- Stateless from the client perspective.
- Generic, client agnostic.
- User friendly (DTOs, structure, ...).
- Cloud-native friendly.
- Usable at the runtime.
- Clear ownership of declaratively configured resources.



## Files?

- Natural approach: files first.
  - Keycloak loads files and persist configuration in the DB
- When are the files loaded exactly?
  - On startup?
  - Actively watched?
- What if there are more Keycloak instances?
  - What if the files differ between instances?





# REST API? Again?!

- A new API, built from ground up.
- A well-designed REST API ticks all the boxes:
  - Idempotent, stateless, client agnostic.
  - User friendly.
  - Cloud-native friendly.
  - Runtime support.
  - 0 ...
- Something that Keycloak knows very well.
- Current Admin REST API needs a revamp anyway.



## Stateless

- Client should not know anything about current resources state.
  - Should not need to fetch the resource.
- Logical units are a single resource.
  - E.g. Client Roles should be part of Client, not a separate resource.
- Using a single HTTP verb (PUT) for create and update.
  - Ensures idempotency.
  - Overwrites whole resource if exists.



## **Access Control**

- Declarative config is not the single "config source".
- Leverage Fine Grain Admin Permissions.
- Declarative config uses a dedicated Service Account for authentication.
- The Service Account is associated with each resource owned by the declarative config.



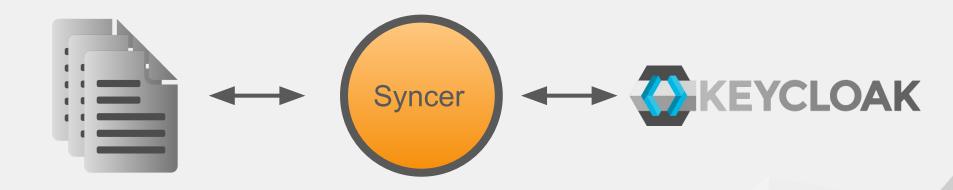
## **Defaults**

- Explicit defaults vs. desired state.
- Defaults not always persisted.
- Cleaner GET results.
  - Not strictly needed for declarative config, but good for the overall API design.



## How do files fit into this?

REST API as an abstraction layer above file system.





## **Operator CRs**

- Just another syncer.
- CRDs generated from the API representations.
- Initially Client CR only.



## To sum it up...

- A new REST API for native declarative configuration.
- New resource representations.
- Baseline for a new Admin REST API.
- Operator CRs leveraging this.



## What's next

- Prototyping a PoC.
  - Goal is to create a blueprint for an ideal Admin REST API.
- Production ready MVP covering selected use cases for Client.
  - Focused on declarative config and Operator CR.
- Iteratively extending the API.
- Ultimate goal is to allow full migration from the current Admin REST API.



## How to get involved

- https://github.com/keycloak/keycloak/discussions/33049
- #keycloak-dev on <u>slack.cncf.io</u>
- keycloak-dev@googlegroups.com



Questions? Feedback?

